Sandia National Laboratories Overview of Lustre on Capacity and Visualization (CapViz) Systems

LUG 2009

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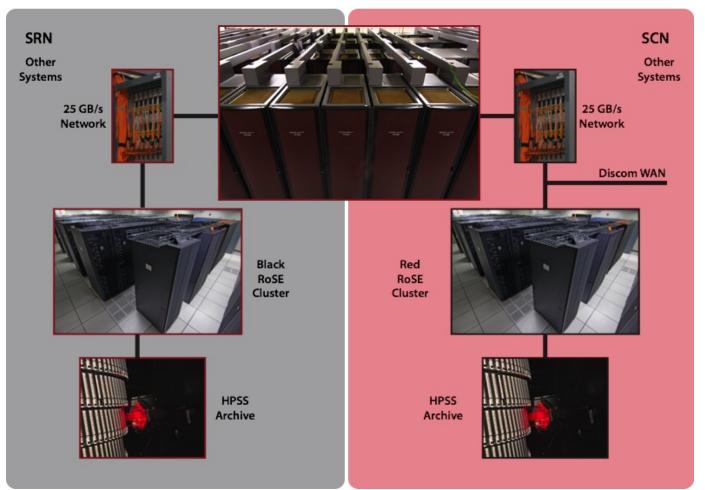


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SNL's Capacity Lustre has its Roots in SNL's Capability machine:

Architected Red Storm Environment





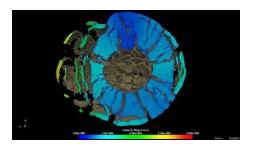
Circa 2004 Red Storm needed a post processing environment RoSE= Red Storm Environment

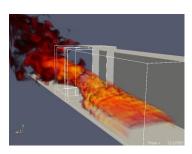
Two requirements to support Red Storm:

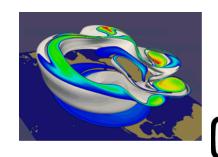
- <u>Vis Power</u>
 - for <u>highly interactive</u> visualization and analysis of large (300 mega-cell and larger) datasets



- I/O Power
 - for accessing terascale data within RoSE cluster at interactive rates
 - 25 GB/s parallel file system
 - 1 second to access one time-step of a 300-mega-cell calculation
 - for moving terascale data from Red Storm
 - <u>25 GB/s</u> (90 TB/hour) parallel file transfer, to minimize impact on Red Storm file system
- To get to this performance we ended up with bunch of storage capacity_
 - The idea to create a multi-cluster Lustre was born
 - enable other compute clusters to write output directly to the RoSE file systems and eliminate disk to disk transfers
 - Buy more compute power for capacity clusters and use our disk systems more efficiently









Current Production Lustre Configuration

- Lustre version:
 - Running 1.6.6 on all production Lustre servers
 - Migrated from 1.4.12 about 4 months ago
 - We were cautious in moving to 1.6.X as we were pleased with 1.4 stability and didn't want to lead the technology curve on this one
 - 1.6.6 has been very stable for us so far
 - Several Clusters running 1.4.X clients to keep them afloat until they get decommissioned
 - We've had Lustre in some sort of production for 4+ years now
- Server hardware:
 - OSS's/MDS's: Dell 1950's
 - 8 GB RAM, Fiber Channel 4, 4X DDR Infiniband
 - LNET routers: Dell 1950's
 - 8 GB RAM,10GigE, 4X DDR Infiniband and 10GigE NICS (Chelsio T310's)
- Storage hardware:
 - DDN (DataDirect Networks)
 - 31 9550 Controller couplets (FC4/SATA disks) for OSS's, 8+2 RAID configuration
 - 4 8500 Controller couplets (FC2/FC disks) for MDS's
 - 7,440 SATA disks in production!
 - Mix of 250 and 500 GB disks
 - LSI IS4600's (part of Dark Storm IO cluster)
 - 6 controller pairs in RAID 5 configuration
 - 744 SATA disks



Current Production Configuration Cont.

• File Systems:

- 2 main production file systems (Red and Black)
 - 360 TB: 8 DDN couplets with 31 OSS's (186 OST's)
 - 1 PB: 11 DDN couplets with 44 OSS's (264 OST's)
 - ~600 TB in test bed will be deployed soon
- Clients:
 - Black: 5,142 client's (Tbird largest cluster @4300 nodes)
 - Red: 1,600 clients
 - Most clients connect to file system via LNET routers
 - Visualization and Red Storm data transfer nodes are on local file system fabric (Infiniband) to allow for better throughput





- Two Lustre administrators and a team lead supporting three environments plus a test-bed.
 - Team also provides support for other file systems (NFS, Panasas etc.) and daily Cluster operations.
- Two people from the CapViz hardware group are responsible for the DDN/LSI maintenance
- "RAS"
 - Notification scripts send out email warnings to Lustre admins and SNL's 24/7 monitoring center
 - real time Syslog monitoring (cat | grep |awk)
 - LMT (newest addition to our tool set)
- Lustre support contract with a single point of contact (Cliff White) and weekly conference calls





- LNET (Lustre NETwork) "routing" is key to sharing a single Lustre file system with several clusters
- Lustre routing provides SNL with:
 - Network segmentation and location
 - No need for multiple clusters to share the same highspeed interconnect
 - Cluster and storage don't need to be in same facility
 - Storage resources on a dedicated network fabric
 - Single IB switch fabric has proven to be very stable
 - Tunable performance
 - -just add more routers to get more bandwidth
 - Note: we are seeing routers running at near wire speed!

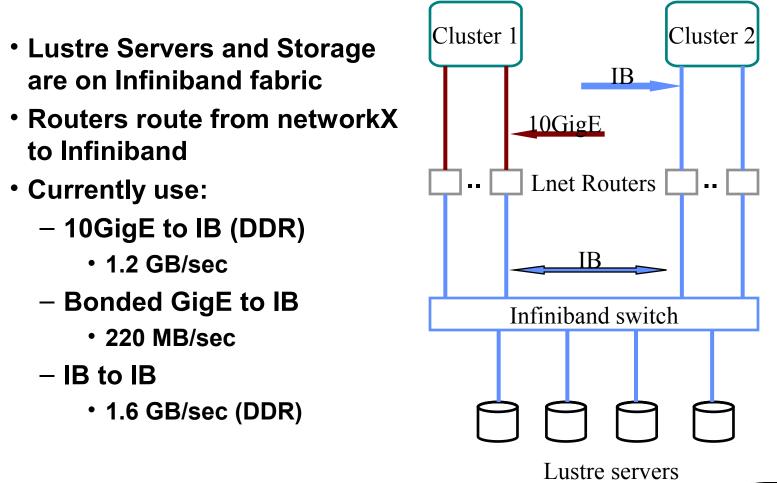


Generic Benefits of a Multi-Cluster file system

- Avoid Islands of storage
- Users see same file system everywhere
 - No need to move data between clusters
- Central management of storage by storage experts
 - Storage can get the attention it deserves
- Compute and Vis clusters can focus on what they do and be "customers" of the file system
- Hardware utilization: quickly provide better utilization of existing storage resources
 - e.g. offer the old storage combined with older servers as a "slower" file system for long term storage etc.

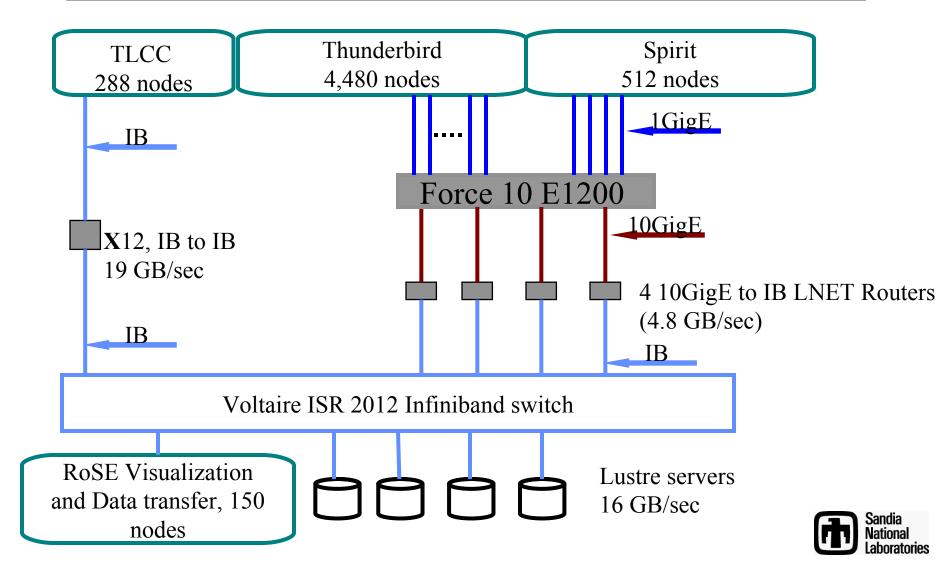


Router configuration

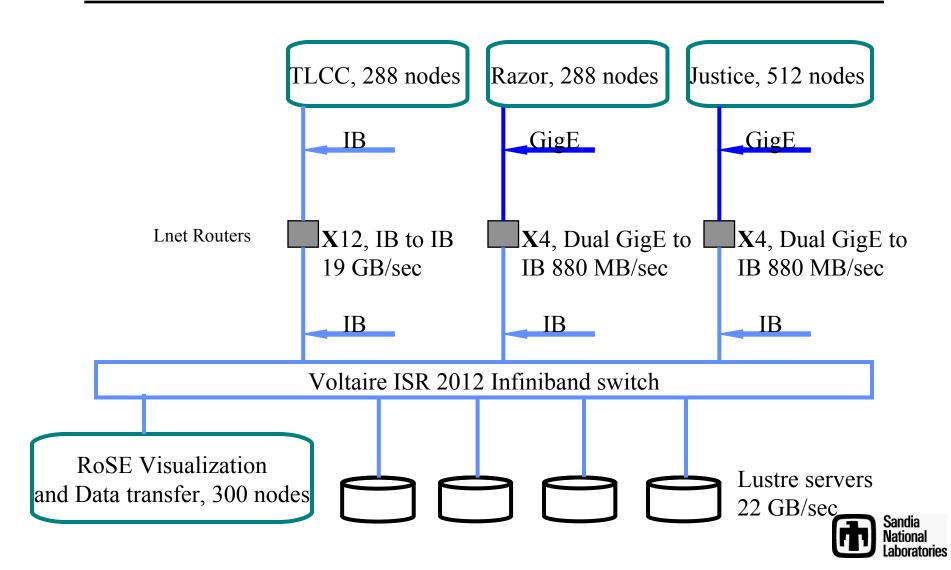




SRN LNET configuration



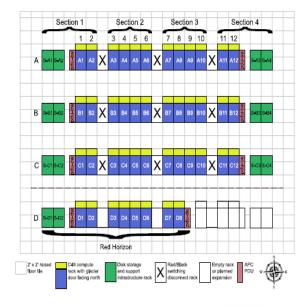
SCN LNET configuration



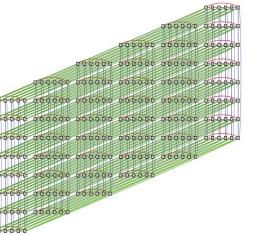
Current Projects : Red Sky

"Mid-Range" Compute Cluster

- Main points:
 - Built on Sun C48 blades
 - 2 dual socket Nehalem nodes/blade
 - QDR IB with 6X6X8 3D Torus
 - Refrigerant cooling doors
 - Security Domain switchable
 - 172 peak TFLOP/s to start,
 - No Ethernet for compute nodes
 - Local Lustre file system with LNET router access to site file systems (multi-hop)
 - System is being built at SNL now!





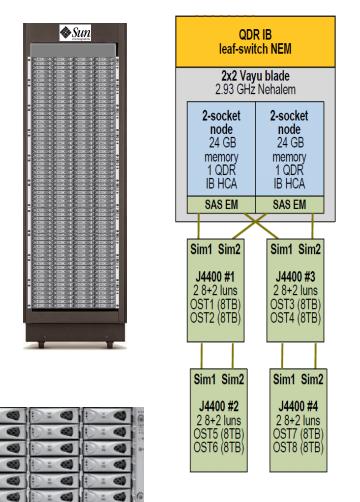




Current Projects : Red Sky cont.

Lustre file system

- Main points:
 - Software RAID on Sun J4400
 Open storage JBODS
 - 1 TB SATA disks for OST's (RAID6 with external mirrored journal)
 - 450 GB SAS disks for MDT's (RAID0+1)
 - 2 scratch file systems at ~ 1 PB each running at ~22 GB/sec
 - /home and /projects on Lustre

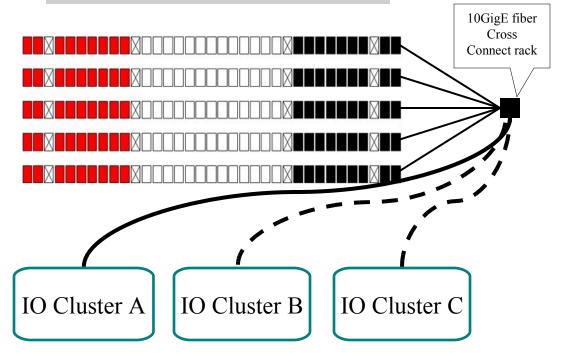




Current Projects: Dark Storm

- Red Storm providing capability cycles with separated clusters providing the file systems
- Fiber Cross connect allows switchable links to IO cluster based on customer needs
- 50 SeaStar to 10GigE routers on Red Storm
- Woven EFX1000 switch on each IO cluster
- All storage is located on the IO clusters
- Challenges:
 - Catamount client, Liblustre, routing
 - "Home" file system on Lustre
- Friendly users are running on the system with good success.

Red Storm: -*Up to 12,960 nodes (38,400 Cores)* -*Unicos 2.04.1* -*SeaStar 2.1 in a 27x20x14 mesh*





Failover

- Many early challenges were related to back end storage failure, which prompted us to investigate Lustre Failover
 - Currently we have one file system deployed with a Lustre Failover configuration.
 - It's a manual operation and we have not done a failover while in production
 - So far its been easier to fix the failing component and avoid the failover
 - Goal is to have automated failover cover ~80-90% of our failures
 - Automation is hard and initial deployment may involve manual (sys-admin) intervention

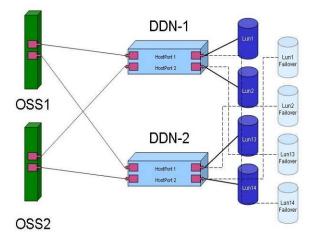


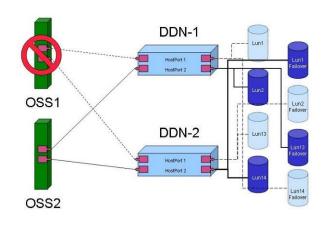


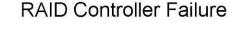
Failover cont.

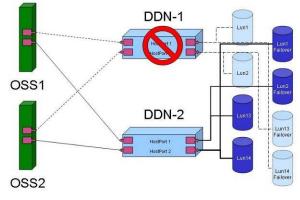
- Failover Needs to cover:
 - Host Failures (OSS)
 - RAID Controller failures
- To avoid Data corruption:
 - must be sure that only one host can access a LUN at a time!
 - Host failure:
 - Power off the host (STONITH)
 - RAID Controller Failure:
 - Disable host IO to controller
 - Multi-Path should solve this case!

Normal operation with Zoning











Host (OSS) Failure



Things we've learned

- LNET Routing has not been easy
 - Taking Lustre from a local only resource to a "globally" mounted file system was a challenge and took several iterations to get it right
 - It took several months for CFS/SNL to figure out a client crash issue while trying to deploy to Thunderbird cluster (2006) (famous "lost ticks" bug..10375)
 - 16-32 bit LNET routers in early days of Tbird were a source of many of our problems
 - Routing is much more stable now thanks to work by Sun and some nice collaborations with our friends at LLNL and ORNL
- Storage and recoverability issues
 - We tend to find corner case issues with early generations of RAID hardware
 - Typically firmware revisions fix these problems
 - turn the DDN controllers write cache off as it is (still) painful to run file system repairs on 2-4 TB LUN's
 - This does have a negative performance impact, but it is important that users get the file system back quickly after a failure
- SNL's capacity computing users, if given the choice, value file system uptime more than performance
 - Multi-cluster file systems become the backbone of several clusters...when the file system is down all the clusters are impacted
- Partnership's with Sun(CFS) and DDN have been very valuable
 - Weekly conference calls keep the communication levels high and allow for good issue tracking



Future

- Failover operational on all Lustre file systems
 - Looking into using Multi-path to deal with failed RAID controllers
- Lustre 1.8+
 - Will be tested on our permanent test-bed

Simplified System Administration

- Transition all "disk-full" Lustre servers to Sandia oneSIS diskless image ensures consistency across the enterprise
- Currently using the TOSS (Tri-lab Operating System Software) in a test environment

• Lustre as a NAS (NFS) replacement

- Goal is to have small, highly tuned Lustre file system serve out our /home and /projects areas
- Appealing for very large traditional linux clusters where NAS/NFS solutions have difficulty with the number of nodes...Lustre scales well out to the 10K clients range
- Doing this now in support of Dark Storm
- All user facing storage on Red Sky is Lustre based (scratch and home)





Future cont.

- Simplification of storage infrastructure
 - storage appliances with 3 cables: power, Ethernet and high-speed interconnect
 - Current solution involves separate server nodes with IB interconnect and Fiber Channel connecting to RAID controllers that then have Fiber Channel connections to disk trays which then connect to SATA/SAS disk drives..
 - Complicated topology with many failure points!
 - Proprietary solution with typically good overall performance, but can be very expensive
 - Budgetary concerns are driving us to look at commodity based storage systems
 - · Lustre with ZFS should help with this effort
 - IB attached storage
 - Replace Fiber channel to RAID controller connections with IB
 - Provides relatively low cost SAN solution, simplifies our components (no Fiber channel cards, better server to bandwidth ratio=> fewer servers)
 - Have several IB attached DDN 9550's in our test-bed now
- Multi-hop routing to help work around some of our facility and existing hardware limitations
 - E.g. IB <-> 10GigE to 10GigE <-> IB routers
 - We've tested this and it works..this will be happening for Phase 2 of Red Sky (site file system access)
 - Would like to see a fix for the "asymmetric failure of a router" (bug 18460) issue





Questions?

